Message Text

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SUBJECT: POTENTIAL IMPACT ON INCREASED INCOME TAXES FOR AMERICANS

OVERSEAS

REF ABU DHABI 3277

1. SUMMARY: INCREASED TAXES FOR US NATIONALS EMPLOYED IN SAUDI ARABIA LEAD US TO BELIEVE THAT THE LAW WILL HARM U.S. INTERESTS HERE; IT WILL DECREASE THE NUMBER OF AMERICANS AND THUS CAUSE LOSSES IN US EXPORTS, REPATRIATION EARNINGS AND ECONOMIC INFLUENCE. A PRECISE ESTIMATE OF THE EXTENT OF THE LOSSES TO THE AMERICAN ECONOMY IS DIFFICULT TO TO MAKE, BUT AT A TIME OF RISING US OIL IMPORT COSTS ANY LOSS IN BILATERIAL BALANCES OF PAYMENTS WITH SAUDI ARABIA BECOMES MORE SIGNIFICANT. THIS IS ESPECIALLY THE CASE UNCLASSIFIED

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WHEN EFFECTS OF THE NEW TAX LAW MAY DIMINISH US ACCESS TO SAG DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURES OF OVER \$142 BILLION IN THE 1976-1980 PERIOD, AS WELL AS AMBITIOUS PRIVATE INVESTMENT PLANS. END SUMMARY.

2. THERE ARE CURRENTLY ABOUT 28,000 US NATIONALS IN

SAUDI ARABIA. THIS FIGURE INCLUDES DEPENDENTS. WE ORIGINALLY ESTIMATED THAT AT THE END OF 1978 THERE WOULD BE 50,000 AMERICANS IN SAUDI ARABIA. OF THIS NUMBER, SOME 20,000 OR MORE COULD BE WAGE EARNERS AVERAGING A MINIMUM OF \$24,000 ANNUALLY. BECAUSE OF HIGH AND NECESSARY ALLOWANCES AND OTHER EMOLUMENTS WHICH INCLUDE HOUSING, UTILITIES, LOCAL TRANSPORT, RECREATION TRAVEL, HEALTH CARE, ETC., IT IS BELIEVED THAT MUCH OF AN AMERICAN EXPATRIATE'S SALARY HERE IS REMITTED TO THE US. IF THE ABOVE FIGURES HOLD, THEN IN 1978 SOME \$480,000,000 WOULD BE EARNED BY AMERICANS IN SAUDI ARABIA, MOST OF WHICH WOULD GO TO THE US. U.S. FIRMS GENERALLY PAY DOLLAR SALARIES TO THE EMPLOYEES' U.S. BANK ACCOUNT.

3. THE PRIME MOTIVATION FOR U.S. NATIONALS TO WORK IN A COUNTRY LIKE SAUDI ARABIA, WHERE WOMEN'S ACTIVITIES ARE RESTRICTED BY CUTOM (I.E., WOMEN CAN NEITHER WORK NOR DRIVE), THERE ARE NO CINEMAS, OR OTHER NORMAL SOCIAL ENTERTAINMENT; NO ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES, AND AN UNHEALTH-FUL AND UNCOMFORTABLE CLIMATE, IS A HIGH SALARY COMBINED WITH GENEROUS ALLOWANCES. THE MAJORITY OF US EXPATRI-ATES HERE INDICATE THAT INCREASED USTAXES WOULD ERODE THESE ADVANTAGES AND WOULD RENDER EMPLOYMENT IN SAUDI ARABIA MOST UNATTRACTIVE, AND THEY WOULD PREFER TO RETURN TO THE U.S.

4. DURING RECENT CODEL ABOUREZK'S VISIT, EMBASSY ARRANGED ROUNDTABLE CONFERENCE LUNCHEON WITH 16 TOP-SCALE US BUSINESS MANAGERS IN RIYAHD. ALL OF THEM CAME DOWN HARD ON ABOUREZ WHO FINALLY EXPRESSED REGRET THAT UNCLASSIFIED

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HE HAD VOTED FOR THE LEGISLATION. U.S. PARTICIPANTS POINTED OUT THAT US EMPLOYEES IN SAUDI ARABIA HAD A BENEFICIAL MULTIPLIER EFFECT ON US EXPORTS AND CONTRIBUTED GREATLY IN STRENGTHENING US POLITICAL AS WELL AS ECONOMIC TIES IN SAUDI ARABIA.

5. BRITISH EXATRIATES, FOR EXAMPLE, WILL ACCEPT A LOWER LOCAL BASE PAY, IN MOST CASES ON-THIRD LESS THAN THE RATES TO AMERICANS, BECAUSE THERE ARE NOT BRITISH TAXES ON OVERSEAS EMPLOYMENT INCOME. NEVERTHELESS, TO DATE, MANY LOCAL FIRMS, PARTICULARLY SAUDI, PREFER US EXPERTISE AND WILLINGLY PAY HIGHER PREMIUMS FOR U.S. WORKERS. IN A FULL US TAX PAYABLE SITUATION, THESE LURES WILL NOT HAVE THE SAME APPEAL. HIGHER PAY AND ALLOWANCES WILL BURDEN THE US EXPATRIATE WITH A LARGER TAX BILL, WHICH WILL INCREASE WITH HIGHER RETURNS FROM SAUDIS.

6. IT IS POSSIBLE THAT THE US NATIONAL WHO HAS BEEN HERE FOR A LONGER TERM-OVER THREE YEARS-WILL STAY AND POSSIBLY SEEK SOME ALTERNATIVES TO THE LOSS OF INCOME. THESE ARE IN THE MINORITY. SHORT TERMERS, THE GREATER PROPORTION, INDICATE THAT THEY WILL LEAVE. MANAGERS FRANKLY ADMIT THAT RECRUITMENT OF U.S. PERSONNEL WILL DROP CONSIDERABLY.

7. ASIDE FROM THE SIMPLER MATHEMATICS OF LOSSES TO US INDIVIDUALS, THE LOSSES TO THE USG COULD BE SIGNIFICANT. THE TAX BILL COMES AT A TIME WHEN THE VOLUME AND COSTS OF OIL IMPORTS FROM SAUDI ARABIA ARE INCREASING. IN 1976, US GOODS TRADE BALANCES WITH SAUDI ARABIA WILL BE OVER \$2 BILLION IN DEFICIT. AT PRESENT, SERVICES AND CONTRACTS INVOLVING US EXPERTISE ARE THE ONLY FACTORS ENABLING THE USG TO REDRESS THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS. MANY OF THE DESIGN, ARCHITECTURAL AND CONSULTING SERVICE CONTRACTS COULD NOT CONTINUE WITHOUT INVOLVEMENT OF US UNCLASSIFIED

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NATIONALS. A SECONDARY BUT EQUALLY IMPORTANT ASPECT IS THE FACT THAT A DECREASE IN THE PRESENCE OF US NATIONALS IN SAUDI ARABIA WILL ALSO DIMINISH US ACCESS TO SAG DEVELOPMENT PUBLIC EXPENDITURES OF OVER \$142 BILLION BETWEEN 1976-1980 PERIOD. THE PRIVATE SECTOR ALSO HAS IMPORTANT INVESTMENT PLANS WHICH WILL REQUIRE FURTHER EXPENDITURES ESTIMATED IN THE BILLIONS. PORTER

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